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NEWQUAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the

YEAR 1961

Cornwall

J.G.S. TURNER, M.B.,D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my annual report for the year ending 1961.

The general health of the community has been excellent and the vital records satisfactory. There has been a rise in the number of stillbirths over the past few years, and this has been reflected in the increased perinatal death rate.

There have been few cases of infectious diseases, and, apart from measles, infections play a small part in the health of the community.

The increased interest of the community in the well being of older people has led to the provision of excellent housing at Hampton Court Flats and at Leader Road. A rest room in the town would be a boon to older folks not only on shopping expeditions but also as a social centre where those without friends and relatives may meet.

I wish to express my thanks to the Council Officers, and especially to Mr. Pickering for continued help and advice.



I am,

Your Obedient Servant,

J.G.S. Turner,

Medical Officer of Health.

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SECTION A

NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

AREA The area of the Urban District of Newquay is 5290 acres. It consists of the town of Newquay with a surrounding district which is entirely rural in character. The main industry of the town consists of catering for holiday visitors, the town being very popular as a sea-side resort, with fine natural amenities. Agriculture and dairy farming are the main industries of the rural area.

POPULATION The population of Newquay according to the provisional Cenus figure is 11,877. The Registrar-General meantime has estimated the population to be 10,730. As a holiday resort the population during the summer months may rise to 40,000.

INHABITED HOUSES The number of inhabited houses for the year ending 1961 was 4,217 the rateable value being £261,125 which produces approximately £1,088 for a penny rate.

CLIMATE Mr. F.J. Harris, the Council's Meteorological Observer has again very kindly supplied the following climatic information:-

The Mean Maximum and Minimum temperatures for the year were 56.9 and 47.5 degrees F respectively.

There were 1,625 hours of sunshine which represented 36% of the possible.

The following table gives the monthly rainfall for 1961:-

January	6.28 Inches	July	1.35 Inches
February	2.42 "	August	2.71 "
March	0.19 "	September	3.57 "
April	3.36 "	October	6.21 "
May	1.26 "	November	2.77 "
June	0.58 "	December	3.53 "

Total 34.23 Inches

Deviation from normal + 0.23 Inches; Snow three days; six days with hail; three thunder storms; nine days of fog and fourteen with hoar frost. Above 76.5 degrees two days; above 67.5 degrees twenty one days; number of gales fifteen.

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

Area	5,290 acres
Population	10,730
Number of inhabited houses	4,217
Rateable Value	£261,125
Product of Penny Rate	£1,088

LIVE BIRTHS	Males	Females	Total	Rate per 1000 Population Newquay	England & Wales
Legitimate	83	86	178	16.6	
Illegitimate	6	3			
Corrected for comparison with other areas				17.2	17.4
ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS Percent of total live births				5.1	

STILL BIRTHS	Males	Females	Total	Rate per 1000 Live & Still Births Newquay	England & Wales
Legitimate	5	1	7	37.8	18.7
Illegitimate	0	1			

TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS	Males	Females	Total
	94	91	185

INFANT DEATHS				
Legitimate	3	1	4	
Illegitimate	0	0		
Rate per 1000 total live births			22.5	21.4
Rate per 1000 legitimate births			23.7	-
Rate per 1000 illegitimate births			0.0	-

NEO-NATAL DEATHS (UNDER 4 weeks)			Rate per 1000 Live Births	
2	1	3	16.8	15.5

EARLY NEO-NATAL DEATHS (UNDER 1 week)				
2	0	2	11.2	13.7

PERINATAL DEATHS (Still births and deaths under 1 week)			Rate per 100 Live & Still Births	
7	2	9	48.7	32.2

MATERNAL DEATHS				
0	0	0	0.0	0.33

DEATHS (All ages and causes)			Rate per 1000 Population	
70	68	138	12.85	
Corrected for comparison with other areas			9.65	12.0

CAUSES OF DEATH

		Male	Female	Total
1.	Tuberculosis (Respiratory)	0	0	0
2.	Tuberculosis (Other)	0	0	0
3.	Syphilitic Diseases	0	0	0
4.	Diphtheria	0	0	0
5.	Whooping Cough	0	0	0
6.	Meningococcal Infections	0	0	0
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	0	0	0
8.	Measles	0	0	0
9.	Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	0	0	0
10.	Malignant Neoplasm (Stomach)	1	1	2
11.	Malignant Neoplasm (Lung Bronchus)	6	1	7
12.	Malignant Neoplasm (Breast)	0	6	6
13.	Malignant Neoplasm (Uterus)	0	1	1
14.	Other Malignant Lymphatic Neoplasms	8	6	14
15.	Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	2	2	4
16.	Diabetes	1	0	1
17.	Vascular Lesions of the Nervous System	4	9	13
18.	Coronary Disease Angina	15	4	19
19.	Hypertention with Heart Disease	0	0	0
20.	Other Heart Diseases	10	11	21
21.	Other Circulatory Diseases	0	5	5
22.	Influenza	2	0	2
23.	Pneumonia	0	2	2
24.	Bronchitis	2	3	5
25.	Other Diseases of the Respiratory System	1	0	1
26.	Ulcers of the Stomach and Duodenum	0	0	0
27.	Gastritis, Enteritis, and Diarrhoea	0	0	0
28.	Nephritis, Nephrosis	0	0	0
29.	Hyperplasia of Prostrate	5	0	5
30.	Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion	0	0	0
31.	Congenital Malformations	1	0	1
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	9	11	20
33.	Motor Vehicle Accidents	0	2	2
34.	All other accidents	3	3	6
35.	Suicide	0	1	1
36.	Homicide and Operations of War	0	0	0
	Totals	70	68	138

Percentage contribution of principal causes of death

	Average Newquay 1957-61	England & Wales 1959
Tuberculosis	0.2	0.6
Cancer (all forms)	18.9	18.5
Vascular Lesions of Central Nervous System	13.3	14.5
Diseases of Circulatory System	35.4	37.9

	Newquay 1957-61	England & Wales 1959
Disease of Respiratory System	5.3	10.9
Diseases of Digestive System	2.1	3.0
Diseases of Genito-urinary System	3.8	2.0
Accidents	4.1	4.4
Congenital Diseases	1.1	2.7

The Newquay figures are based on a six year average. The figures for the U.K. are the latest available.

The figure of 4.1% of all deaths reported as due to accidents, which are to a large extent preventable, emphasise the need for the active Road and Home Accident Committee established last year.

The following table gives the percentage distribution of age at death:-

Age Group	Percentage dying in each age group	
	Males	Females
0 - 1 year	4.3	1.5
1 - 59 years	12.9	16.2
60 - 69 years	28.6	16.2
70 - 79 years	30.0	23.5
80 - 89 years	15.3	33.8
Over 90 years	8.8	8.8

Causes of death in infants under 1 year of age

Cause	Age of child in weeks						
	Under 1	2	3	4	5	5-52	Total
Prematurity	1.	-	1	-	-	-	2
Congenital Defect	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bronchitis	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Total	2	-	1	-	-	1	4

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE HEALTH SERVICE

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY

1.	Medical Officer of Health	J.G.S. Turner, M.B., D.P.H., Area Health Office, Moorland Road, St. Austell. Telephone St. Austell Home Telephone Par 2473 (2206
2.	Public Health Inspector	F. Pickering, F.A.P.H.I.
3.	Deputy Public Health Inspector	H.L. Old, M.A.P.H.I.
4.	Additional Public Health Inspector	E.V. John, M.A.P.H.I.

LABORATORY FACILITIES — These are available at the Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro, where all materials for investigation are sent.

PROPHYLACTICS — Supplies of Poliomyelitis, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus prophylactics are available alone and in various combinations at the Area Health Office, St. Austell, and can be obtained by Medical Practitioners on request.

AMBULANCE SERVICE — The Control Centre of the Ambulance Service is at Truro. There is no charge in the service provided, or in the means of obtaining help.

NURSING SERVICE — The establishment was as follows:-

Health Visitor 1

General Nursing and Midwifery 2

DOMICILLIARY MIDWIFERY — Approximately 60% of all births occur at home. All midwives have now attended a course in gas/air analgesia, and are supplied with equipment.

INFANT WELFARE — Clinics are held fortnightly and the attendances have averaged as follows:-

Newquay 38.0

St. Columb Minor 31.0

DOMESTIC HELP — A total of 43 persons were helped, of whom 13 were maternity cases. There is a growing demand for this service which is difficult to satisfy owing to competitive demands from Hotels and Cafes. Thanks are due to Mrs. Davey, who is the Local Organiser.

CLINICS — The following clinics are held at places and dates indicated:-

Child Welfare	Red Cross Hall on	1st & 3rd Thursdays
	St. Columb Minor Community Hall on	2nd & 4th Thursdays
Orthopaedic	Ambulance Hall	Weekly - Thursdays
Ante-natal	Hospital	Weekly - Mondays
Tuberculosis	Hospital	1st, 3rd & 5th Tuesdays
Ophthalmic	Hospital	By arrangement
Ear, Nose & Throat	Hospital	2nd & 4th Tuesdays
Dental	Berry Road	By arrangement

WELFARE FOODS — This service is organised by the W.V.S. representative Mrs. Davey. Supplies are available at the Red Cross Hall on Mondays and Thursdays - 10 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. and also at the Village Hall, St. Columb Minor on the 2nd and 4th Thursday afternoons from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

SECTION C

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES IN THE AREA

Details of the water supply, of drainage and sewerage, and of public cleansing will be found in the report of the Public Health Inspector.

Various complaints have been received about smells from the small streams which cross the beaches. Some of these streams do receive sewage effluents (from approved works) and others from seepages from overloaded cesspits during the summer months.

SECTION D

HOUSING

There is still a shortage of housing accommodation with an active list of 176 families, details of which are as follows:-

(a) Number without separate houses 57 + 26 caravans

(b) Number of unmarried persons 37

(c) Number of persons with separate houses which are:-

(i) Unfit 18

(ii) Overcrowded 1

(d) Number requiring houses for other reasons e.g. nearer work, tied houses Notices etc. 58

The classification of houses required is as follows:-

One bedroom type	33
Two bedroom type	86
Three bedroom type	22
Four bedroom type	1
Five bedroom type	1
Six bedroom type	1
Old People's Flats	32

The Council now own 526 permanent houses and 20 prefabs.

In addition 74 houses were built by private enterprise, and 39 houses are under construction by private enterprise.

HOUSING FOR OLDER PERSONS

Twelve flats, each with its own sitting room and bedroom, or a bed-sitting room, together with a kitchen and bathroom have been provided for older people who are delighted with the facilities given. In addition six one bedroom houses have been provided and twelve more are under construction.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Food premises registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act 1955 were as follows:-

Preserved Food Premises	14
Ice Cream Premises	111

There are nine dairies registered under the Milk and Dairies Regulations 1959.

It is very difficult to get at offenders for education purposes in food hygiene in this town because of seasonal activities. During the winter when owners and staff have time to spare for thinking of improvements in both methods and apparatus, the offenders are no longer employed in the town being only seasonal workers coming from distant parts of the Country. The only thing which can be done under these circumstances is "on the spot" talks when offenders are found, and regular and persistant visits, particularly to the offenders place of business.

Talks with film demonstrations during the winter are held for the benefit of traders and their staff, and housewives are encouraged to take an interest by these methods.

Visits to food preparing premises during the year were 2,051 and this number included 177 visits to ice cream premises, which are very much patronised. There is very little ice cream sold other than wrapped, and 152 samples were taken during the year under review.

These samples were placed in the following classifications:-

Grade I	Grade II	Grade III	Grade IV
146	6	0	0

There still remains much work to be done under the Food Hygiene Regulations apart from regular visits to food premises. Dogs appear to be particular nuisances in the town, both in shops and on pavements, and we are trying to get food traders to prohibit their presence in food shops.

SECTION F

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The following notification of Infectious Diseases were received:-

Diseases	Number of cases 1961	Rate per 100 population		
		Newquay		England & Wales
		1960	1961	1961
Measles	159	1.8	14.9	16.5
Whooping Cough	4	1.0	0.4	0.5

The town has had its biennial measles outbreak. Within the next few years a safe vaccine should be available for general use. The present experimental vaccine gives some severe reactions and is not suitable for distribution.

SMALLPOX VACCINATION

One hundred and twenty one persons were given primary vaccination and twenty six were re vaccinated. The vaccinal state is far from satisfactory.

IMMUNISATION AGAINST POLIOMYELITIS

Ample supplies of vaccine were availabe until the latter part of the year when the possible introduction of oral vaccine led to a run down in supplies.

The response of people over the age of 20 has been poor. The overall percentage of those in the permissible age groups who have completed a course of vaccination is 56%.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

The following table shows the numbers of children immunised during the year:-

	Children born in year							
	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	52/56	47/51	Total
A Completed Primary Course	26	76	14	9	1	8	4	138
B Reinforcing Injections					2	145	37	184

As there are approximately 150 children born yearly it is clear that the primary immunisations are inadequate and that reinforcing doses at ages 5 and 9 years are even less adequate to protect the child population.

Immunisation can readily be obtained by application to the family doctor, or to the Council doctor at the ages of five or nine.

TUBERCULOSIS

The following number of persons are on the Tuberculosis Register. People tend to come to Newquay seeking health, and this undoubtedly maintains the number of cases.

Figures in brackets are those for previous year:-

Pulmonary	Males	36	(41)	Females	25	(35)
Non Pulmonary	Males	0	(1)	Females	1	(4)

The following table gives the age and sex distribution of new cases and deaths for the year 1961:-

Age Group	New Cases						Deaths					
	Pulmonary		Meninges		Others		Pulmonary		Meninges		Others	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
45 - 64	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
All ages	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2

In addition to the above the following transfers and recoveries were recorded:-

	Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Transfers In	3	3	0	0
Transfers Out	10	10	1	1
Recoveries	1	2	0	0

The testing of school children in their fourteenth year for previous tubercular infection was continued, and those who were negative were given a protective injection of B.C.G. vaccine. The following results were obtained:-

Number tested	388
Percentage giving a positive reaction	8.6%
Number given B.C.G. vaccine	354

Two hundred and thirty persons were passed through the Mass X-ray Unit. One boy was found to require further observations.

It is proposed to lower the age at which school children are tested to 11 years. This will mean that in each of the next two years a double age group will be dealth with.

Municipal Offices,

Marcus Hill,

Newquay.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1961

To the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my report for the year ending 31st December, 1961.

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health	Dr. J.G.S. Turner, M.B., D.P.H., Area Health Office, Moorland Road, St. Austell.
Chief Public Health Inspector	F. Pickering.
Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector	H.L. Old.
Additional Public Health Inspector	E.V. Johns.
Clerk	M.A.B. Weston.
Rodent Operative	L. Richards.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER

The whole of Newquay Urban District is within the area supplied by the Newquay and District Water Company, and there are now only fifteen houses which are not supplied by that Company with piped water. These fifteen houses are in the semi rural parts of the District and the cost of laying supply pipes to the houses is the factor which keeps them still dependant upon spring or stream for their supply.

There are 4202 houses supplied from public water mains in the District in which live approximately 10,000 people during the winter. This population rises to some 40,000 during the peak of the summer season.

There is now a sufficient quantity of water stored in the Porth Reservoir to maintain supplies to the town in case of drought, but the stream between the reservoir and the place from which water is pumped into the mains is still grossly polluted, and the safety of the supply depends entirely upon treatment at Rialton Pumping Station.

There is a covered reservoir of three million gallons capacity at Quintrell Downs which is able to maintain a filtered water supply to the town by gravitation for two days in the summer season in case of breakdown of pumping machinery.

We had no complaints during the year of unsatisfactory taste or smell of the water, which may be accounted for by the fact that all treated water now has a resting period of at least two days before being put into supply. No bacteriological samples of raw water before treatment and 44 bacteriological samples of water going into supply were taken by Water Company staff, who also took two samples for chemical analysis. These samples were all satisfactory.

The Public Health Department staff took 101 bacteriological samples which were all found to be satisfactory. Ten bacteriological samples were taken from private sources of which four were found to be unsatisfactory. After action was taken and advice given further samples were found to be satisfactory.

There is no plumbo solvent action by the water.

BATHING POOLS

Private bathing pools in hotel grounds are becoming more popular and there are now four in the town, all of which are inspected regularly and from which frequent samples of water are taken.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

There has been quite a lot of house building during the year and all these new houses were connected with the sewer. There is some overloading which causes overflows to work during even slight showers, and some lengths of sewer are in

need of enlargement.

Manhole covers are regularly taken up and greased during sewer inspections and during the year 686 inspections of sewers and drains have been made.

RIVER AND STREAM POLLUTION

The boating lake at Trenance and the stream which runs into it are still polluted by drainage from the disused tip at Trevenson and from the out of date sewage works at Trencreek, and the two streams at Watergate and Porth are also polluted by septic tank effluents.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

Collection and disposal of refuse are under the control of the Council's Surveyor, the tip at present in use being semi swamp land near Trevemper Bridge which will be returned to the owner as good arable land. I am still of opinion that land which is reclaimed by tipping should be under the control of the Council when it becomes valuable land at the end of the tipping period.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

The Public Conveniences owned by the Council are under the control of the Council's Surveyor, but fifty two visits of inspection were made by this Department's Officers during the year, The Council has built two new sets of public conveniences during the year, but there is still need for more.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

The following statement is furnished under Article 27 of the Sanitary Officers (Outside London) Regulations 1935, and Article 19 of the Sanitary Officers Orders 1936:-

Inspections made for all purposes	4927
Complaints dealt with	111
Notices served - Formal	NIL
- Informal	34

SUMMARY OF VISITS AND INSPECTIONS DURING 1961.

Infectious Diseases	18
Disinfections	5
Water Supply	171
Water Samples	111
Drainage	511
Drains Tested	171
New W.C.'s	120
	1107

		1107
Stables & Piggeries		7
Poultry Keeping		5
Animals (Nuisance)		6
Diseases of Animals (Waste Food) Order		4
Rats and Mice		53
Pet Animal Act		16
Fried Fish Shops		11
Bakehouses		29
Factories		84
Places of Entertainment		2
Public Conveniences		52
Shops re Sanitary Provisions		166
Sewage Works		4
Stream Pollution		21
Refuse Disposal		62
Tents, Vans & Sheds		35
Camping Sites		287
Hackney Carriages		90
Petroleum Premises		1
Rabbit Control		11
Rag Flock Premises		1
Insect Pest Control		26
Miscellaneous Visits		99

UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH ACT

Number of houses inspected	7	
Visits paid to above houses		7
Appointments with owners		1

UNDER HOUSING ACTS

Number of houses inspected	34	
Visits paid to above houses		46

RENT ACT 1957

Number of houses inspected	4	
Visits paid to above houses		6

INSPECTION OF MEAT AND FOODS

Visits to Slaughterhouses	1003
Butchers	92
Pressed and Preserved Meat Premises	42
Fishmongers and Poulterers	61
Dairies and Milkshops	30
Ice Cream Premises	177
Ice Cream Samples	151
Milk Samples: Bacteriological	36
Restaurant and Hotel Kitchens	521
Mobile Shops	31
	4383

	4383
Grocers, Fruiterers etc.	62
Licensed Premises	10
Food and Drugs Sundries	7
Miscellaneous Visits	15
Total	4479

RABBIT CONTROL

There has been a striking increase in the rabbit population during the year and strenuous efforts have been made to keep the numbers under control. The Council is a member of the St. Columb and District Rabbit Clearance Society and with the assistance of the Vermin Extermination staff of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries much good work has been put in towards the clearance of large areas from this pest. It is quite obvious however, that constant warfare must be waged to keep the numbers within bounds.

RODENT CONTROL

The Council employs a full time rodent operative. During the year the whole of the sewerage system has been test baited for the presence of rats, and only in three places have rats been found. These places were poison baited and bodies were recovered. The whole system will be examined again next year.

INSECT PESTS

We are called upon fairly frequently to identify insects etc which are found in different places, and also to destroy infestations ranging from steam beetles to wasps.

A charge is made in the case of business premises where infestations are cleared, and we have complaints of fleas from boarding houses etc., which we deal with by spraying and stoving.

TRENANCE LAKE WEED

The boating lake at Trenance is infested with a water weed which if left alone would soon prevent any boating taking place, but we have been successful in not only keeping down the weed, but have actually stopped its growth by means of a chemical weed killer. The matter was reported to the Rivers Pollution Prevention Board and to the Rivers Fishing Officer, and after a visit their Officer agreed that the treatment was permissible.

		TYPE OF PROPERTY				
		NON - AGRICULTURAL				
		(1) Local Authority	(2) Dwelling Houses (including Council Houses)	(3) All Other (including Business Premises)	(4) Total of Cols. (1) (2) & (3)	(5) Agricultural
1.	Number of properties in Local Authority's District	487	4192	91	4770	60
2.	Total number of properties inspected as a result of notification	12	61	9	82	N I L
	Number of such properties found to be infested by:-	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Common Rat Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Minor	12	58	9	79	N I L
	Ship Rat Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Minor	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	House Mouse Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Minor	N I L	3	N I L	3	N I L
3.	Total number of properties inspected in the course of survey under the Act.	206	560	84	850	3
	Number of such properties found to be infested by:-	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Common Rat Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Minor	15	132	24	171	2
	Ship Rat Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Minor	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	House Mouse Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
	Minor	N I L	48	18	66	N I L

	TYPE OF PROPERTY				
	NON - AGRICULTURAL				
	(1) Local Authority	(2) Dwelling Houses (including Council Houses)	(3) All Other (including Business Premises)	(4) Total of Cols. (1) (2) & (3)	(5) Agricultural
4. Total number of properties otherwise inspected (e.g. when visited primarily for some other purpose)	120	350	68	538	21
Number of such properties found to be infested by:-	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
Common Rat Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
Minor	N I L	14	6	20	N I L
Ship Rat Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
Minor	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
House Mouse Major	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
Minor	8	14	4	26	N I L
5. Total inspections carried out including re-inspections	379	1226	212	1817	32
6. Number of infested properties (in sections 2, 3, & 4) treated by the L.A.	35	247	57	339	2
7. Total treatments carried out including re-treatments	42	321	72	435	3
8. Number of notices served under Section 4 of the Act: (a) Treatment	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
(b) Structural work (i.e., Proofing)	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L

	TYPE OF PROPERTY				
	NON - AGRICULTURAL				
	(1) Local Authority	(2) Dwelling Houses (including Council Houses)	(3) All Other (including Business Premises)	(4) Total of Cols. (1) (2) & (3)	(5) Agricultural
9. Number of cases in which default action was taken following the issue of a notice under sect. 4 of the Act.	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
10. Legal Proceedings	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
11. Number of "Block" control schemes carried out.		N I L			

RAG FLOCK ACT

All material used by upholsters in Newquay are obtained under warranty from reputable dealers, but there is bedding etc bought at sale rooms upon which we have no check, and I feel that much of this bedding is used in the accommodation of visitors.

PET ANIMAL ACT

One Pet Animal Shop is registered and licensed in the district, and is visited regularly.

FACTORIES ACT 1937 & 1948

Inspection for the enforcement of the health provisions of the above named Act are as follows:-

Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
1. Factories in which Secs 1,2,3,4 & 6 are enforced by the Local Authority	20	20	N I L	N I L
2. Factories not included in 1 in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	68	64	N I L	N I L
3. Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers)	N I L	N I L	N I L	N I L
4. Total	88	84	N I L	N I L

HOUSING

Number of inhabited houses in the Urban District at December 31st 1961 4217

Number of new houses completed during the year:-

By the Council 59
By other bodies 74

Number of houses still in course of erection:-

By Local Authority 18
By other bodies 39

Number of houses owned by Local Authority:-

Permanent 526
Prefabs 20

1. Inspections of Dwelling Houses during 1961

(a) 1. Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects under the Public Health Act or Housing Acts 41

2. Total number of inspections made for all purposes 54

(b) 1. Number of dwelling houses (included under sub-head (1) which were recorded under Housing Acts)..... 34

2. Number of inspections made for all purposes 46

(c) 1. Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation NIL

(d) 1. Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the previous sub-head) found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation 64

2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices

Number of dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or by their Officers 64

3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year

A. Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 & 12 of the Housing Act 1957

(a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs NIL

(b) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of Formal Notice:-

By owner NIL
By Local Authority NIL

B. Proceedings under Public Health Act

(a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied NIL

(b) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after serving informal notices:-

By owner 11
By Local Authority NIL

C. Proceedings under Section 16 & 23 of the Housing Act 1957

(a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which demolition orders were made..... NIL

(b) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders NIL

4. Housing Act 1957 - Part IV - Overcrowding

There has been no overcrowding either reported or found.

5. Rent Act 1957

Application for Certificate of Disrepair

Number of applications NIL

Number of Certificates issued

(i) in respect of some but not all defects NIL

(ii) in respect of all defects NIL

(c) Number of undertakings given by landlords and accepted by the Local Authority NIL

(d) Applications for cancellation of Certificates 1

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES

Number and type of food premises

Grocers	35	Butchers	10	Fried Fish Shops	6
Mixed	8	School Canteens	6	Wet Fish Shops	2
Confectioners	6	Factory Canteens	5	Cafes & Snack Bars	61
Sweets	10	Wholesale Warehouses	3	Bakehouses	3
Hotels	485	Licenced Premises	38	Dairies	23

Regular inspections of food premises are the constant care of the Health Department.

Newquay has the problem of imported labour to consider, and every year there are numbers of fresh faces. Many Italians and Spaniards are employed in the Hotels, and difficulties of language are added to our troubles.

MILK SUPPLY

We have twenty five distributors of milk on our register, all of whom deliver bottled milk.

During the year thirty visits were made to dairies in the town.

MILK TESTING

During the year thirty six samples of milk were submitted to the Public Analyst in Truro for his report with the following results:-

Failed the Methylene Blue Test	0
Failed the Phosphatase Test	0
Satisfactory	36

[illegible] AND DRUGS ACT 1955

Visits to premises during 1961 numbered two thousand and seventy six, when informal discussions were had with owners and employees.

ICE CREAM

There are five manufactureres and one hundred and twenty seven sellers of ice cream in the town, all of which are regularly visited and are on the register.

Samples taken during the year were placed in the following provisional grades:-

Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
146	6	0	0

One hundred and seventy seven visits of inspection were made during the year.

Ice cream is a very popular comodity in Newquay, and very many shops sell it either over the counter or by means of an automatic sales point.

UNFIT FOOD

The undermentioned articles of food were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered as such to us :-

Cheese	3 Tins.	Fruit	130 Tins.
Meat	156 Tins.	Fish	47 Tins.
Vegetables	78 Tins.	Conserves	3 Tins.
Soup	4 Tins.		

Also the following foodstuffs:-

Thirty three pounds of meat; twenty pounds of cod; fourteen ounces lemon sole; two stone of herrings; one stone of dogfish; ten pounds of salmon; three stone of fish; fifty six pounds of frozen sprouts; four pounds sliced frozen beans; two hundred and four packets of frozen sprouts; one consignment of marshmallows; twelve pounds of sausages; fifty six pounds of lard; fifty seven pounds of cheese, one consignment of ice cream products; three consignments of

frozen foodstuffs; fifty three pounds of fruit; two hundred and fourty nine pounds of butter; and fourteen pounds of ham.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES

There is one private slaughterhouse at Crantock which is the only one in the District, but by arrangement with the neighbouring St Austell R.D.C., all the meat at Lane Slaughterhouse is inspected by your Inspectors.

Lane Slaughterhouse is under the control of the Launceston Abattoir Company Ltd., and animals are slaughtered for food every day including Sundays. Most of this meat goes to London for sale, only about 5% coming into the Newquay Local shops.

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACTS 1933-58

The provisions of the above Acts are strictly enforced and twenty two persons are licenced as slaughtermen.

MEAT INSPECTION

For the purpose of meat inspection one thousand and three visits were paid to the two slaughterhouses and twenty eight thousand two hundred and seventy nine carcases were examined during the year.

TABLE OF ANIMALS KILLED AND INSPECTED

Type	Number	Under Tuberculin Order	Total
Cows	246	6	252
Calves	312	2	314
Other Bovines	1593	5	1598
Sheep	13375	NIL	13375
Pigs	13466	NIL	13466

The amount of meat and edible offal condemned was:-

Because of Tuberculosis 12331 lbs.
Because of other causes 18191 lbs.

C. BOVIS

During the year one carcase was found to be infected with C. Bovis.

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
Number killed	1593	533	312	13375	13466
All diseases except Tuberculosis, whose carcase condemned	2	3	13	51	13
Carcase of which some part or organ was condemned	493	246	-	150	1140
Percentage of number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis	31.07	44.84	4.16	1.51	8.50

TUBERCULOSIS ONLY

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
Whole carcase condemned	5	6	-	-	-
Carcase of which some part or organ was condemned	132	126	-	-	328
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	8.60	24.76	-	-	2.44

PETROLEUM REGULATIONS

Thirty one premises are used for the storage of petroleum, all of which are licenced.

HACKNEY CARRIAGES

From 1st January 1961 to the 31st December 1961

Number of Hackney Carriages 39

Number of new Hackney Carriages 7

Number of licences issued for drivers of Hackney Carriages who were licenced during 1960 51

Number of new drivers licences issued during 1961 12

Yours obediently,

F. Pickering,

Public Health Inspector.